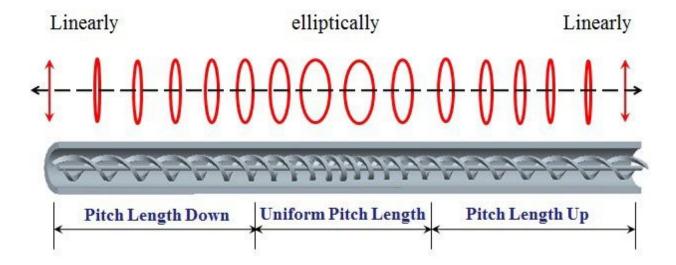




## **SPUN-T Fiber Description and Polarization State Evolution**

The controllably-spun birefringent-fiber or all fiber polarization transformer consists essentially of a long spun high-birefringence fiber, fabricated by slowly varying the spin rate of a birefringent fiber preform from very slow to very fast then back to very slow while the fiber is being drawn. The evolution of the eigenstate from a linear polarization state to an elliptical polarization state, then to a linear polarization state again, induced by slow variation of the intrinsic structure from linear anisotropy at the unspun of both end to elliptical anisotropy at the fast-spun of the middle, enables power coupling between local eigenstates, and relative power in these local eigenstates as a function of distance along the length of the fiber, the extinction ratio of the output state of polarization (SOP) as a function of distance and the normalized spin rate.



#### **Features**

- Low Insertion Loss
- Temperature Insensitive
- Precise Spinning Pitch
- High Current Sensitivity
- No Requirement for Quarter Wave
  Plate

### **Applications**

- Current Sensors
- Lightening Sensor
- Polarization Controller
- Polarization transformers

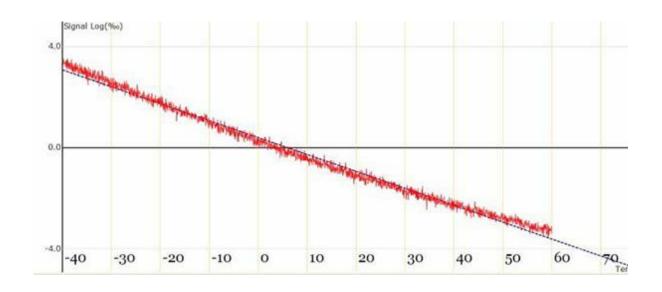
Specifications					
Parameters		Unit	Performance		
Operating Wavelength		nm	1310, 1480, 1550		
Bandwidth		nm	±30		
Pitch Length at Un-Spun End		mm	∞		
Pitch Length at Fast Spun End		mm	3.2		
Insertion Loss	Max	dB/m	0.1		
Insertion Loss	Тур	dB/m	0.06		
Modal Field Diameter	Тур	μm	9.0±0.5		
Bending Radii	Min	mm	75		

-40 to +85

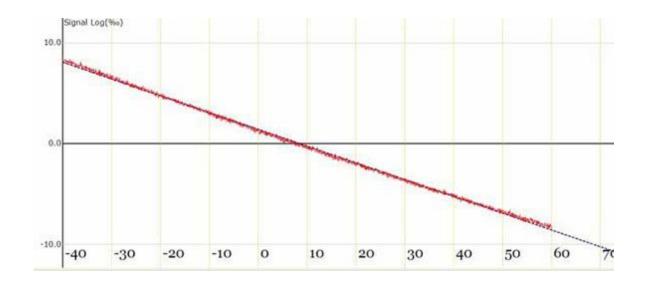
# **Temperature Characteristics (E-core Fiber)**

°C

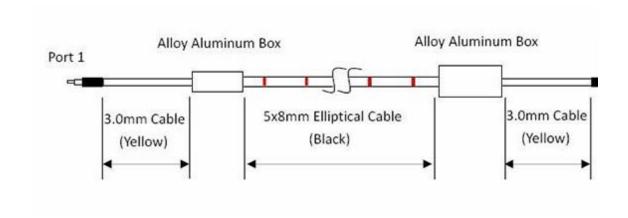
Operating Temperature



# **Temperature Characteristics (PANDA Fiber)**



## **Diagram**



# **Ordering Information**

S P U N T 1 0